The 31st Clean Coal Day International Symposium

Kawasaki's Challenge toward Carbon Neutrality

- International Supply Chain of Hydrogen derived from Brown Coal -

Sep 6th, 2022 Kawasaki Heavy Industries Eiichi HARADA



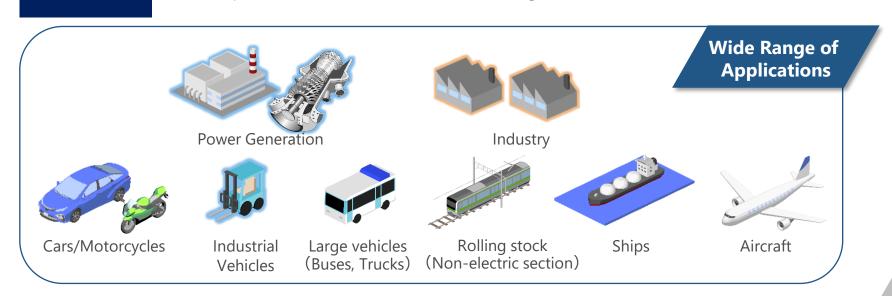


Decarbonization

Contribution to De-carbonization



- "Ultimate clean energy" which emits no CO2 when used
- Key technology applied in various sectors: "Power generation", "Mobility" and "Industries"
- Compensate for fluctuations in renewable energies



Energy Security

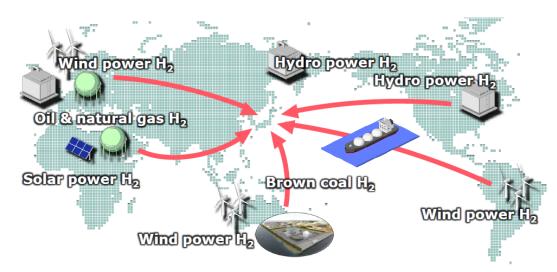
Contribution to Energy Security

- Production possible from a variety of sources
- Production possible in multiple geographies
- Mass, long-term, long-distance transportation and storage possible



Japan's low energy selfsufficiency rate

Soaring energy price due to Ukraine crisis



Economic Growth

Contribution to Economic Growth

H₂

- Wide range of relevant industrial fields
- Leading the world in terms of technologies and international standards
- Improving Japan's industrial competitiveness

by further enhancing hydrogen technologies





Decarbonization



Energy Security



Key Driver to Accelerate

Economic Growth

Decarbonization H_2

Hydrogen Targets set by Japanese Government - Green Growth Strategy -

Current

2030

2050

Energy Security Consumption /Year*

Costs

2 million tons

3 million tons 20 million tons

100 yen/Nm 30 yen/Nm 20 yen/ Nm

Economic Growth

Comparable with fossil fuels

Source: https://www.meti.go.jp/press/2020/12/20201225012/20201225012-2.pdf

* including consumption of ammonia

Kawasaki and Hydrogen

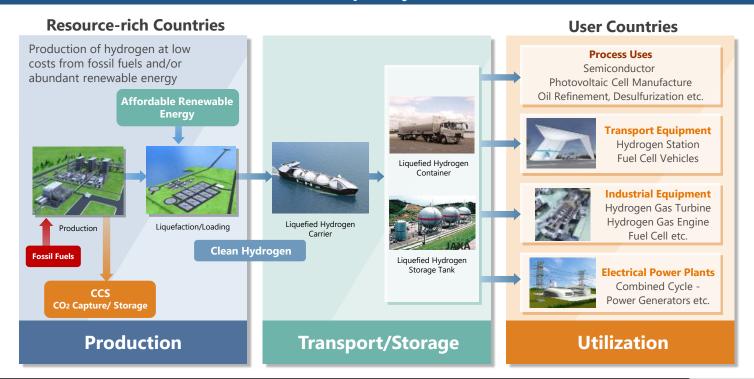
Only One in the World

Kawasaki: Leading technologies from "production" to "storage", "transportation" and "utilization" of hydrogen

Hydrogen-related products of Kawasaki Group



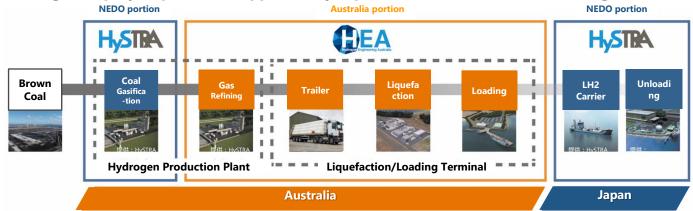
Concept: Producing and liquefying clean hydrogen overseas and transporting it to Japan by sea



World's First

Hydrogen Energy Supply Chain (HESC) Pilot Project

Working with project partners, supported by Japanese, Australian and Victorian governments







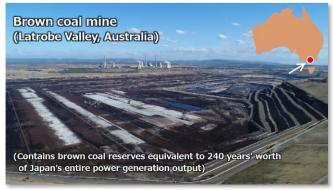


[Hydrogen Engineering Australia]
Kawasaki, J-Power, J-Power Latrobe Valley, Iwatani,
Marubeni, Sumitomo, AGL

Supported by NEDO (New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization)



Combining Australia's unused resource "brown coal" and "CCS" to produce clean hydrogen in large quantities at low cost





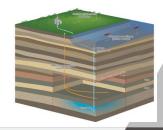
low-grade/low cost brown coal



CO2 Capture and Storage (CarbonNet Project)

CCS image

Carbon-neutral path for future use of coal resources

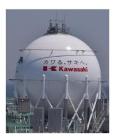


Mass transportation/storage possible by liquefying hydrogen at -253°C

- Liquefaction at a cryogenic temperature of -253°C → 1/800th the volume of gas
- High-performance insulation technology (double-shelled/vacuum insulated tank)
 → Long-term storage equivalent to LNG
- High purity/No need for refining → Suitable for a wide range of applications
 from FCVs to industrial furnaces simply by evaporation



LH2 Storage Tank at Tanegashima Space Center



Japan's biggest LH2 Tank at Kobe LH2 Terminal

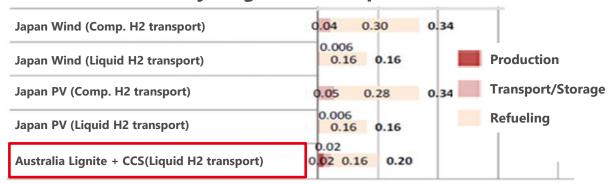


Large-scale LH2 Carrier (to be built)



CO2 Footprint: Well-To-Tank CO2 emission per 1Nm-Hydrogen [kg-CO2e/Nm-H2]

CO2 emissions of brown coal-derived and renewable energy-based hydrogen are comparable

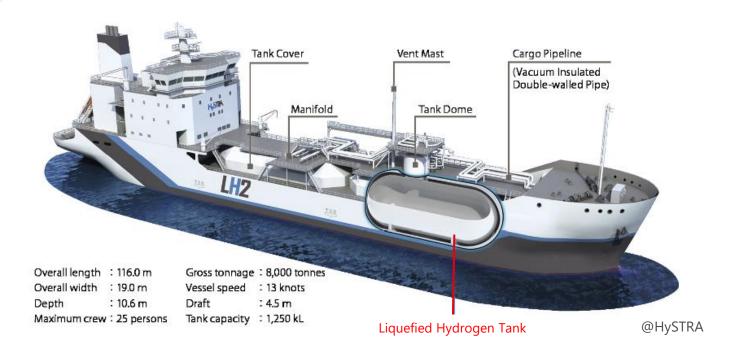


(CCS: CO₂ Capture and Storage)

Life Cycle Assessment by Mizuho Information & Research Institute Ref: https://www.mizuho-ir.co.jp/publication/report/2016/pdf/wttghg1612.pdf

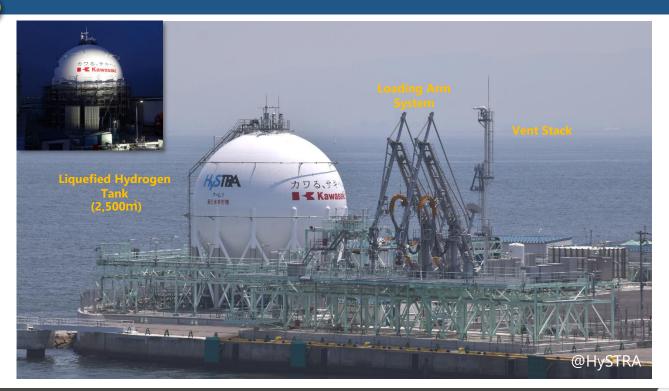
World's First

Liquefied Hydrogen Carrier "Suiso Frontier" Kawasaki built



World's First

Liquefied Hydrogen Terminal "Hy touch Kobe" Kawasaki built



World's First Successful completion of the pilot project transporting hydrogen produced/liquefied in Australia to Japan by sea

Departed Japan in Dec 2021, arrived in Australia in Jan 2022, and returned to Japan in Feb 2022



Hydrogen Road Video (英)



Utilization of Hydrogen

Demonstration of power generation in a city area using hydrogen transported from Australia

In June 2022 electricity was generated using hydrogen transported from Australia with "Suiso Frontier" and supplied in a city area

Model case in which hydrogen "production", "transportation", "storage", and "utilization" were seamlessly connected into an integrated supply chain

HySTRA, Kawasaki, Obayashi, Kansai Electric Power, City of Kobe



Transporting hydrogen from terminal



Filling a storage tank with hydrogen

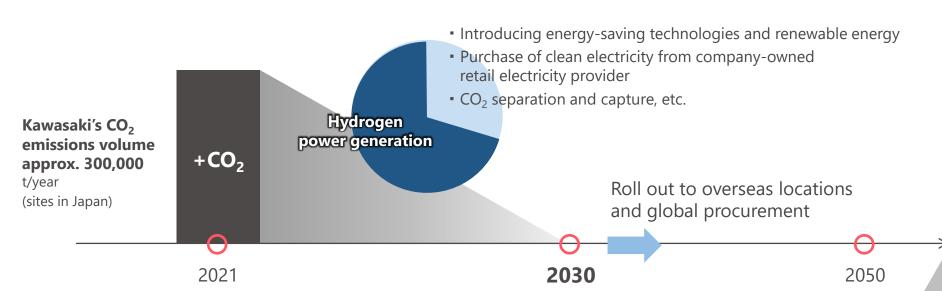


Hydrogen CGS demonstration plant

Utilization of Hydrogen

Kawasaki's Zero Emission Plant: Reducing CO₂ Emissions from our Business Activities

Our Target: To achieve standalone carbon neutrality in 2030 through initiatives centered on hydrogen power generation



Pathway from pilot demonstration to commercialization

2021-2022

Pilot Demonstration

Phase to demonstrate technical, safety and operational viability

of hydrogen production using brown coal and marine transportation over long distances







Mid-2020s

Commercial Demonstration

Phase to determine economic probability before commercialization

using commercial-sized facilities (in minimum configuration)







Around 2030 Commercial

Commercial -ization

Phase of a profitable business

economically self-sustaining from equipment installation to operation







Liquefied Hydrogen Supply Chain Commercialization Demonstration



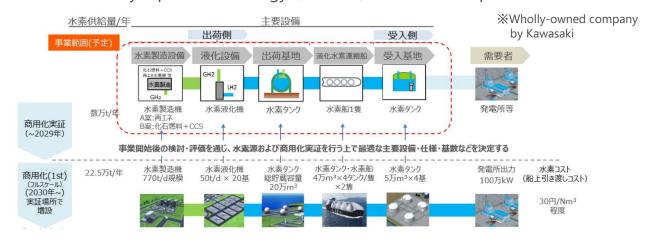
(代西原等社長・近極大行命): 大畑 寿命、以下 (RNOS)) (と地面集構を設定・代西原等社 之後 所行義・指導・反下 (下台組集) のうしは、面印度外部の大大・アルー・ 温泉が開発が出来 (以下 (ROO)) から間乗された (グリーンイノバーション番号等メイス機大力サブライチェーンの機 プロジェクト (対して、「命化来男サプライチェーンの機能と発し されました。

本実証事業は、2020年12月25日に従来負責者が関係省庁と開定した「2050年カーボンニュートラバ に伴うグリーン成長範疇」に示される、連種的な基準化対策を行い従事権急や社会経済の変革をもたらし 次なる成長につなけていく「経済と連集の所循連」の一動を知うことを回答するのです。

日本水圧、川松重工、(NACO、社会展生)、水無事かでネルボール悪悪薬でも社が売ってたと独立 別を始集し、川油重工が毎年の変なる水面の油コスト仕組に引いて資業・研究された事業の扱名が地 開発事業の「水素剤を途極が上で無効事業額の機能」や水素剤を興業を実施する需要等を占む機がラス。 日本の2000 手までのカーボンニートラル液体への薬剤に加けて商用機能での鉱物的水を水素サプライ デェーンの機能を開始します。

Adopted by NEDO Green Innovation Fund in August 2021

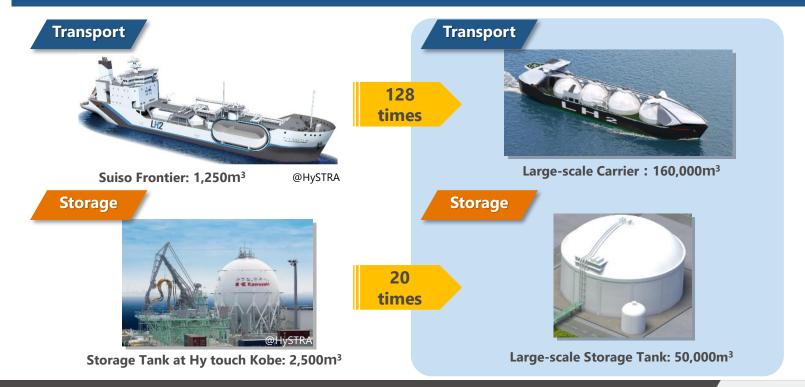
Large-scale demonstration to transport tens of thousands of tons/year to be conducted by Japan Suiso Energy*, ENEOS, and Iwatai Corporation



Source: https://www.nedo.go.jp/news/press/AA5_101471.html



Kawasaki will contribute to lower supply costs by scaling-up facilities



Closing

The completion of the Japan-Australia supply chain pilot project is a significant step forward

in opening the way for hydrogen to play a key driving role in "de-carbonization" "energy security" and "economic growth, and

also in paving the way for a carbon-neutral path of coal utilization.

Kawasaki will continue to work with public and private sector partners to establish an international liquefied hydrogen supply chain.

- Kawasaki is working on scale-up of transportation and storage facilities (liquefied hydrogen carrier and liquefied hydrogen terminal) in preparation for the commercialization demonstration.
- Kawasaki will also collaborate with the demand side, such as hydrogen power generation, for which large-scale demand is expected.

Aiming for a society where hydrogen is used as commonly as current fossil fuels