

Contents of Presentation

- 1. Outline of Kushiro Coal Mine (KCM)
 - History and Outline
 - The Training Project on Coal Mining Technology
 - Collaboration between KCM and Kushiro Power Plant
 - Room and Pillar Mining
 - Filling with Fly-ash in Mined Out Area
- Carbonate Mineralization and Enhanced Coal Bed Methane (ECBM)
 - Field Trial of Carbonate Mineralization in Mined Out Area
 - Field Trial of ECBM
 - Future Plan







History

Close of Taiheiyo Coal Mine and Establishment of KCM

• 27 Dec, 2001 Establishment of KCM

 30 Jan, 2002 Close of Taiheiyo Coal Mine Operated from 1920 (2 million ton annually)

• 31 Jan, 2002 Start of Operation of KCM

 $0.7 \rightarrow 0.5$ million ton annually

 Nov, 2019 Change of Mining Method from Longwall(L/W) to Room & Pillar

0.3 million ton annually

Business of KCM

- Coal Mining and Sales
 - Fully Mechanized Longwall Mining →Room and Pillar Mining
- Government Commissioned Training Program
 - Start from 2002
 - Accept the Trainee and Dispatch of Engineer
 - Around 150 Trainees Come from Vietnam, China, Indonesia and Colombia, Annually
- Start up Business
 - KCM Cooperation (KCMC)
 - Crushing Treatment of Oversize Garbage
 - Garbage Collection
 - Operation of Garbage Incineration Facility from 2006
 - Operation of Kushiro Power Plant from 2020
 - Administration of KCM
 - Kushiro Auto Recycle Co.,Ltd.
 - KCM Engineering Co.,Ltd.
 - Kushiro Power Service Co.,Ltd.
- Cooperation Research
 - JCOAL
 - Private Company
 - Institute, University



Number of Acceptance of Trainee

| | 2002 ~ 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 合計 |
|-----------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Vietnam | 1,217 | 82 | 84 | 84 | 74 | 70 | 70 | 140* | 345* | 70 | 2,236 |
| China | 953 | 63 | 56 | 54 | 52 | 56 | 55 | 107* | 220* | 220* | 1,836 |
| Indonesia | 0 | 0 | 10 | 12 | 20 | 19 | 13 | 28* | 98* | 24 | 224 |
| Colombia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 10% | 38* | 21 | 78 |
| Total | 2,170 | 145 | 150 | 150 | 146 | 149 | 143 | 285 | 701 | 335 | 4,374 |

[※] On-line Training

Number of Dispatch of Lecturers (Cumulative Total Number)

| | 2002 ~ 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 合計 |
|-----------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Vietnam | 2,414 | 457 | 230 | 169 | 185 | 151 | 162 | 50 | 33 | 100 | 3,951 |
| China | 231 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 262 |
| Indonesia | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 |
| Total | 2,689 | 469 | 234 | 172 | 189 | 155 | 166 | 50 | 33 | 100 | 4,257 |

2020~2021 On-line Training

Introduction of Electric Power Plant





Boiler Type : Circulating Fluidized Bed

- Maximum Steam Flow : 370 t / hr
 - Steam Temperature : 560 °C / 540 °C
 - Steam Pressure :
 - 17.0 MPaG (Heater Outlet)
- 3.1 MPaG (Re-heater Outlet)
- Steam Turbine Type :Re-heat Condensing Turbine
 - Generator Output : 112,000 kW

• Fuel:

Coal (70%), Biomass (30%)

Kushiro Power Station Co., Ltd.

7 COAL MINE

Collaboration between KCM and Power Plant

- Provide Strong Industrial Area against the Earthquake and Tunami
- Provide Low Pollution Coal and Local Consumption
- Provide Clean Mine Water as Cooling Water (No Use of Sea Water)
- Receive Warm Drainage Water after Cooling Tower as Coal Preparation Water
- Receive Ash as Filling Materials for Mined out area
- Provide Engineers, Qualified Persons and 3 Shift Workers
- Propose New Training Course of Coal Utilization including Electric Power Plant and Environment for Training Project
- Others

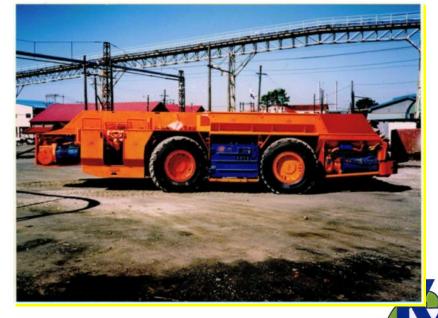


Mining Method(at Present)

Roadway Heading

- Combination Continuous Miner and Shuttle Car
- Room & Pillar Mining
- 3-4 Units Working Annually

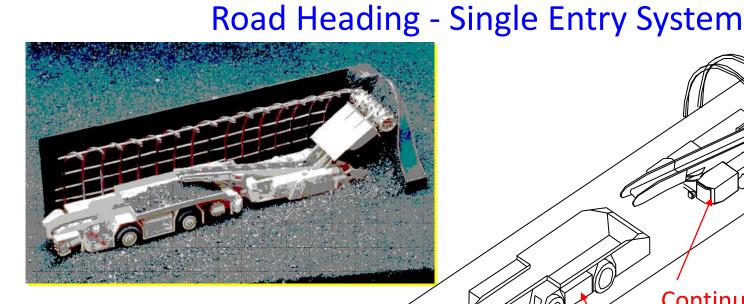




Continuous Miner

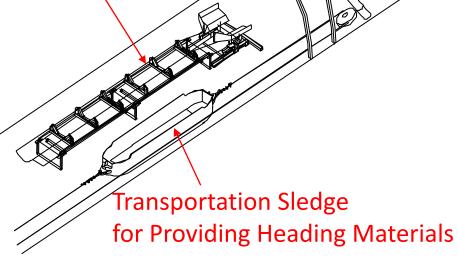
Shuttle Car

Belt Conveyer



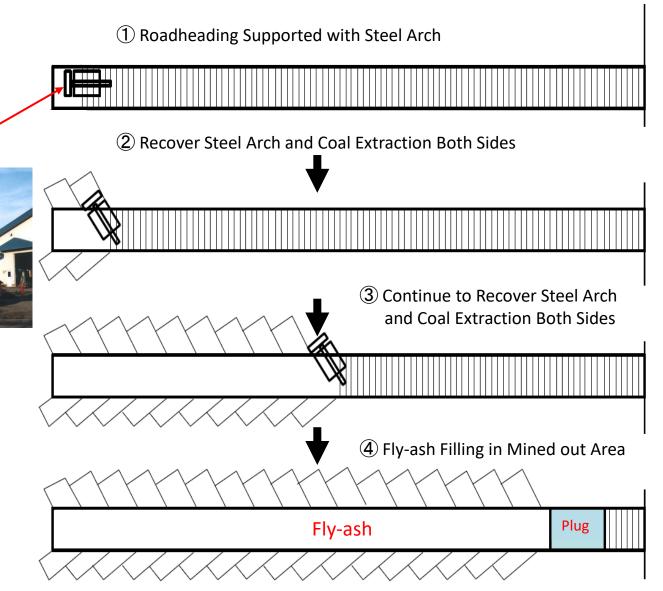


Shuttle Car



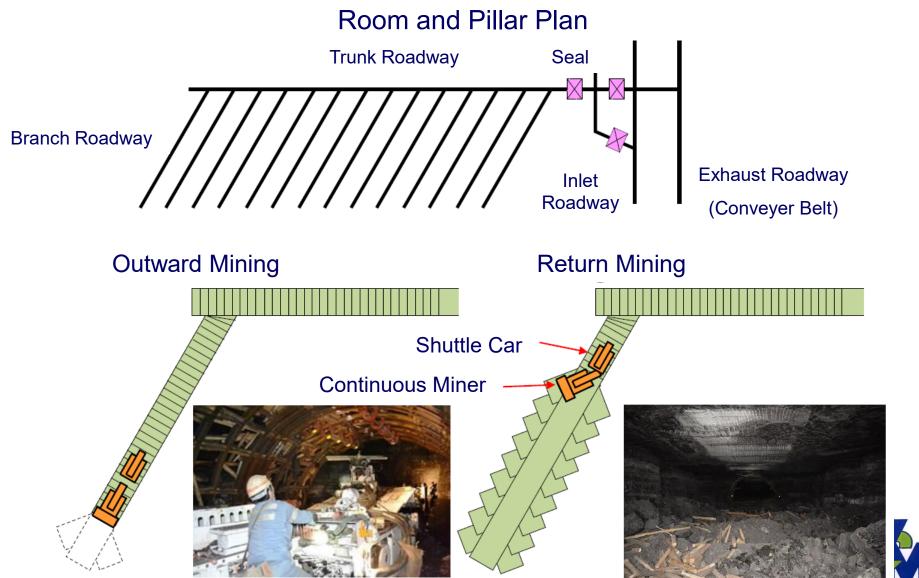


Sequence of Room & Pillar Mining and Filling





Sequence of Room & Pillar Mining and Filling



Contents of Presentation

- 1. Outline of Kushiro Coal Mine (KCM)
 - History and Outline
 - The Training Project on Coal Mining Technology
 - Coexistence between KCM and Kushiro Power Plant
 - Room and Pillar Mining
 - Filling with Fly-ash in Mined Out Area
- Carbonate Mineralization and Enhanced Coal Bed Methane (ECBM)
 - Field Trial of Carbonate Mineralization in Mined Out Area
 - Field Trial of ECBM
 - Future Plan



Purpose of Fly-Ash Filling in Mined out Area

- To Reduce Stress Concentration on Remaining Area
- To Prevent Gas and Water Emission from Mined out Area
- To Prevent Spontaneous Combustion Due to Air Inflow
- Fly-Ash Disposal





Next Target

Fly-Ash



Carbon Dioxide(CO2)

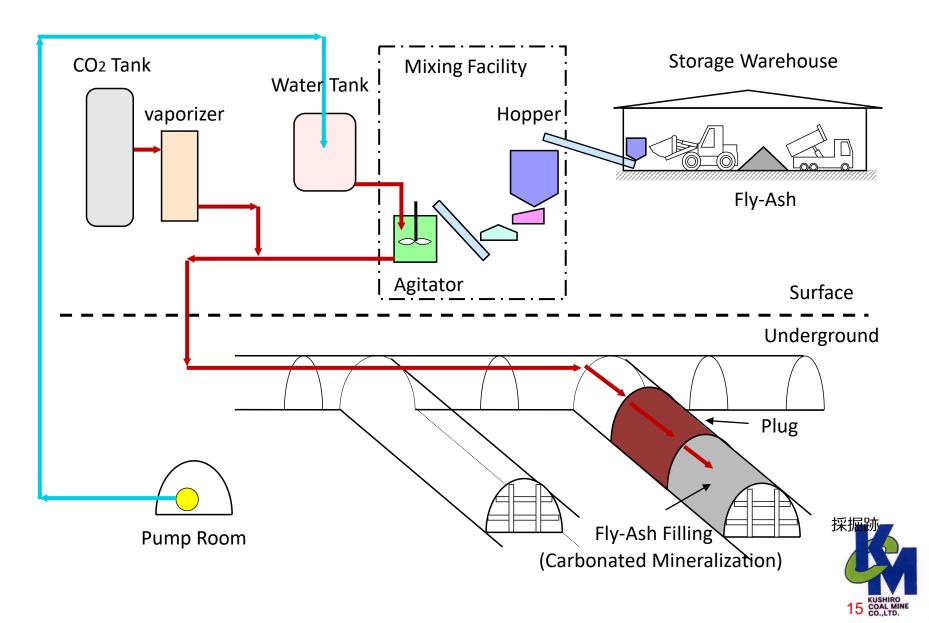


Carbonated Mineralization (CaCO3, MgCO3)

- Increase of Filling Strength
- Stabilization Disposal of CO2



Diagram of Mixed Flow of Fly-Ash Slurry and CO₂ Gas



Mixing Facility of Fly-Ash Slurry and CO₂ Gas





Flow Meter

Fly-Ash Slurry Line

Mixing Point

of CO2 Gas



CO₂ Supply Line



Gas Holder Regulator



Specification of the Facility of Fly-Ash Slurry Production Plant and CO₂ Gas mixing

Fly-Ash Slurry Production Plant

| _ | Fly ash Storage | 800m ³ |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| _ | Hopper in Storage | 5m ³ |
| _ | Hopper in Facility | 15m ³ |
| _ | Feeder | 20t/h |
| _ | Vibrating Screen | mesh size 25mm |
| _ | Agitator | $3.2m^3$ |
| _ | Flow Rate | 0.5-0.6m3/min |

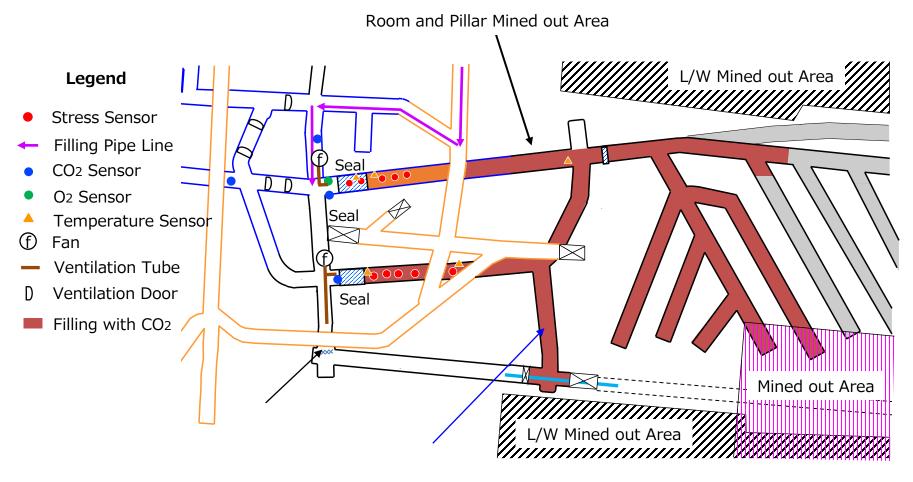
CO₂ Gas Mixing

| _ | Liquefied CO2 Tank Capacity | 9.7t |
|---|--|-----------------|
| _ | CO ₂ Gas Holder Capacity | 2m ³ |
| _ | Vaporizer Capacity | 400kg/h |
| _ | Gas supply Pressure (Primary Pressure) | 0.7MPa |
| _ | Safety Device | |

| arety betries | |
|---|---------|
| Liquefied CO2 Tank Safety Valve | 2.24MPa |
| CO ₂ Gas Holder Safety Valve | 1.08MPa |
| Piping Safety Valve (Liquefied) | 2.99MPa |

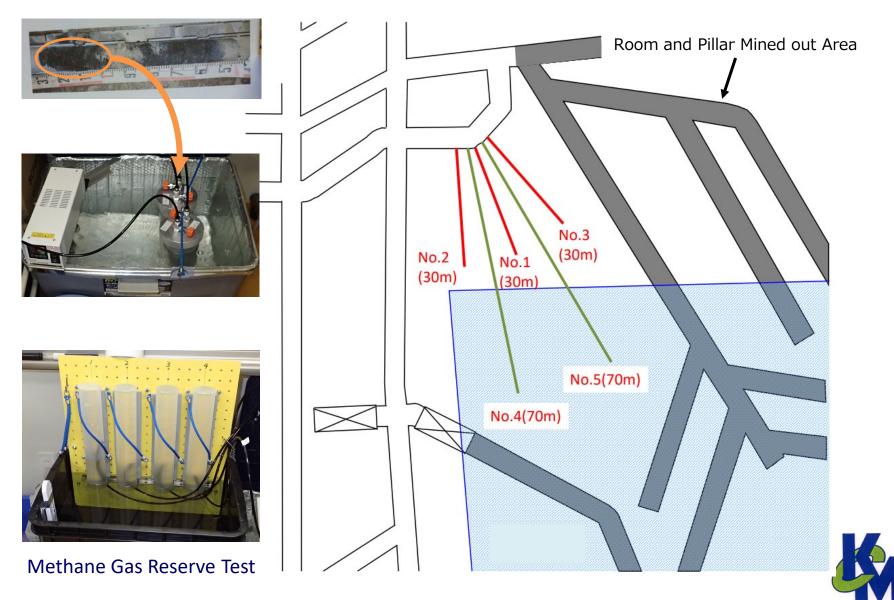


One of Carbonate Mineralization Field Test Sites





One of ECBM Field Tests, Boring Sites Layout



Future Vision

Based on the needs of coal-producing countries, the future vision of carbon dioxide mineralization, ECBM, and carbon dioxide storage in coal mines proposed by KCM.

